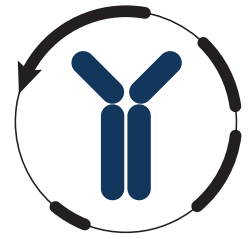


# Datasheet



Mouse mAb to **Lassa Virus – GP2**  
Clone **EBS-I-304**  
Isotype **IgG1-κ**

## Source

A BALB/c mouse was immunized with gamma rays inactivated strain LASV.  
Fusion partner: Sp2/0.

## Specifications

Lassa virus is a member of the Arenaviridae and causes Lassa fever in predominantly West Afrika. The main reservoir is formed by local rodents. Up to half a million people are estimated to attract the disease yearly and mortality rates may reach as much as 50%. Viral proteins, coded within two ambisense RNA strands, include GP1, GP2, NP, polymerase and Z matrix protein. EBS-I-304 reacts with GP2, which connects the viral envelope to NP and Z matrix proteins found in the core.



**Figure 1:** Lassa Virus.  
Image Credit: CDC

## Species reactivity

Positive: (human and animals subject to infection with) Lassa virus.

## Applications

EBS-I-304 is excellent for immunohistology, immunofluorescence, immunoblotting, immunoprecipitation and ELISA.

ELISA	Frozen sections	Immunofluorescence	Lateral flow	Western blot
+	+	+	+	+

## Format

Produced in tissue culture, contains no host Ig. Antibodies are affinity purified and presented in PBS with 0,02% sodium azide.

Stored at 4°C-8°C, shelf life is at least 24 months after purchase.

## Dilution advice

- ELISA (solid phase: 0,1-100 µg/ml; tracer: 0,001-100 µg/ml for 30 min at RT).
- Immunoblotting (1-2 µg/ml).
- Immunofluorescence (0,5-1,0 µg/ml).
- Immunohistology (1-2 µg/ml for 30 min at RT).
- Lateral flow (solid phase: 0,40 µg per cm; tracer: 0,47 µg per cm).

## Positive control

Cells, serum or tissues infected with Lassa virus.

## References

- Branco L.M. et al. *Virol. J.* 7:279-298 (2010).
- Ruo S.L et al., *J. Gen. Virol.* 72, 549-555 (1991).