
YK081 Mouse/Rat PYY EIA

Product Instructions

FOR LABORATORY USE ONLY

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– Please read all the package insert carefully before beginning the assay –

YK081 Mouse/Rat PYY EIA

. Introduction

This enzyme immunoassay (EIA) kit is a stable and convenient assay system for peptide YY (PYY). PYY was isolated initially by Tatemoto et al. (1980) from the extract of pig duodenum and shown to be a polypeptide consisting of 36 amino acid residues. PYY is homologous to pancreatic polypeptide (PP) and neuropeptide Y (NPY). PYY is localized mainly in endocrine cells in the intestine (ileum, colon, and rectum) showing an inhibitory action on contraction of the gastrointestinal tract and on secretion of pancreatic and gastric juice. PYY is released by taking diet. The PYY level decreases after resection of the intestine possibly are due to the decrease in number of the endocrine cells secreting PYY. The EIA kit is prepared by using synthetic mouse/rat PYY (3-36) as standard antigen and biotinylated mouse/rat PYY (3-36) as labeled antigen. The kit contains specific polyclonal antibody recognized to the amino acid sequence of Mouse/rat PYY. The mouse/rat PYY sequence:

Y-P-A-K-P-E-A-P-G-E-D-A-S-P-E-E-L-S-R-Y-Y-A-S-L-R-H-Y-L-N-L-V-T-R-Q-R-Y-NH₂

YK081 Mouse/Rat PYY EIA Kit	Contents
The assay kit can measure mouse/rat PYY within the range of 0.15-12.5 ng/mL.	1) Antibody coated plate
The assay completes within 18.5h. + 1.5 h.	2) Standard
With one assay kit, 42 samples can be measured in duplicate.	3) Labeled antigen
Test sample: mouse/rat plasma or serum.	4) Specific antibody
Sample volume: 25 µL.	5) SA-HRP solution
The 96-well plate of this kit is consists of 8-well strips, The divided use by strips is possible at user's option.	6) Enzyme substrate solution (TMB)
Intra-assay CV (%) 3.1 ~ 9.8	7) Stopping solution
Inter-assay CV (%) 4.2 ~ 14.2	8) Buffer solution
Store all the components at 2-8 .	9) Washing solution (concentrated)
The kit is stable under the condition for 18 months from the date of manufacturing.	10) Adhesive foil
The expiry date is stated on the package.	

. Characteristics

This EIA kit is used for quantitative determination of mouse/rat PYY (1-36) and mouse/rat PYY (3-36) in mouse/rat plasma or serum samples. The kit is characterized for sensitive quantification, high specificity and no influences with other components in samples and needlessness of sample pre-treatment. PYY standard used in the kit is a highly purified synthetic product (purity: higher than 98%).

< Specificity >

The EIA kit shows 100% cross reactivity to mouse/rat PYY (3-36) and 115% to mouse/rat PYY (1-36). Cross reactivity was not observed in the assay range with mouse/rat NPY that has similar amino acid sequence with mouse/rat PYY. No cross reactivity with GLP-1 (7-36)-NH₂, GLP-1 (1-37), and rat GLP-2 were observed.

< Assay principle >

This EIA kit for determination of PYY in mouse/rat plasma or serum samples is based on a competitive enzyme immunoassay using the combination of antibody to mouse/rat PYY and biotin-avidin affinity system. The 96 wells plate is coated with goat anti rabbit IgG, to which biotin labeled antigen, standard antigen or samples and rabbit anti mouse/rat PYY antibody are added for competitive immunoreaction. After incubation and plate washing, horse radish peroxidase (HRP) labeled streptavidin (SA) is added to form HRP labeled SA-biotinylated antigen-antibody complex on the surface of the wells. Finally, HRP enzyme activity is determined by 3,3',5,5'-Tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) and the concentration of mouse/rat PYY is calculated.

. Composition

Component	Form	Quantity	Main Ingredient
1. Antibody coated plate	Microtiter plate	1 Plate (96 wells)	Goat anti rabbit IgG
2. Standard	Lyophilized powder	1 Vial (12.5ng)	Synthetic mouse/rat PYY (3-36)
3. Labeled antigen	Lyophilized powder	1 Vial	Biotinylated mouse/rat PYY (3-36)
4. Specific antibody	Liquid	1 Bottle (8.5 mL)	Rabbit anti mouse/rat PYY antibody
5. SA-HRP solution	Liquid	1 Bottle (12 mL)	HRP labeled streptavidin
6. Enzyme substrate solution (TMB)	Liquid	1 Bottle (12 mL)	3,3',5,5'-Tetramethylbenzidine (TMB)
7. Stopping solution	Liquid	1 Bottle (12 mL)	1M H ₂ SO ₄
8. Buffer solution	Liquid	1 Bottle (25 mL)	BSA containing saline buffer
9. Washing solution (concentrated)	Liquid	1 Bottle (50 mL)	Concentrated saline
10. Adhesive foil		3 Sheets	

. Method

< Equipment required but not supplied >

1. Photometer for microtiter plate (plate reader), which can read extinction 2.5 at 450 nm
2. Washing device for microtiter plate and dispenser with aspiration system, but not essential
3. Micropipettes, multi-channel pipettes for 8 wells or 12 wells and their tips
4. Microtiter plate shaker
5. Glass test tubes for preparation of standard solution
6. Graduated cylinder (1,000 mL)
7. Distilled or deionized water

< Preparatory work >

1. Preparation of standard solution:
Reconstitute Standard (12.5 ng/vial) with 1 mL of buffer solution, which affords 12.5 ng/mL standard solution. The reconstituted standard solution (0.1 mL) is diluted with 0.2 mL of buffer solution that yields 4.17 ng/mL standard solution. Repeat the same dilution to make each standard solution of 1.39, 0.46, and 0.15 ng/mL. Buffer solution is used as 0 ng/mL (Bo).
2. Preparation of labeled antigen solution:
Reconstitute Labeled antigen with 7 mL of Buffer solution.
3. Preparation of washing solution:
Dilute 50 mL of Washing solution (concentrated) to 1000 mL with distilled or deionized water.
4. Other reagents are ready for use.

< Procedure >

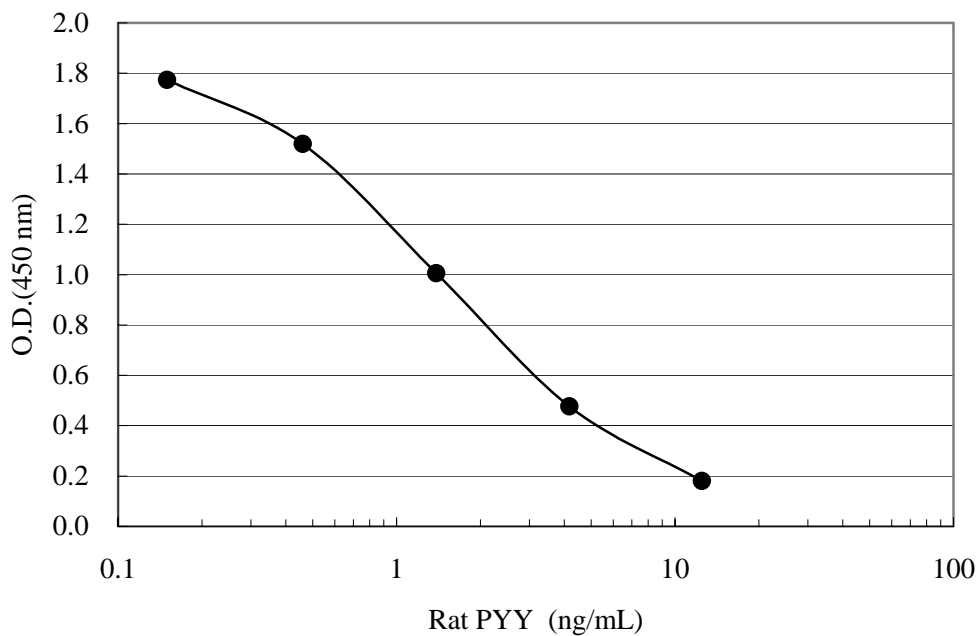
1. Before starting assay, bring all the reagents except samples to room temperature (20-30 °C).
2. Introduce 350 μ L of washing solution to each well and aspirate the washing solution in the wells. Repeat this washing procedure further twice (total 3 times). Finally, invert the plate and firmly tap it onto an absorbent surface, such as paper toweling, to endure blotting free of most residual washing solution.
3. Pipette 50 μ L of labeled antigen solution into each well first, then introduce 25 μ L of each of standard solutions (0, 0.15, 0.46, 1.39, 4.17, 12.5 ng/mL) or samples and finally add 75 μ L of specific antibody solution into the wells.
4. Cover the plate with adhesive foil and incubate it at 4°C for 18 hours (\pm 1 hour) without shaking and further more 30 minutes at room temperature with shaking (100-150 rpm).
5. After incubation, take off the adhesive foil, aspirate and wash the well 5 times with 350 μ L of washing solution. Finally, invert the plate and firmly tap it onto an absorbent surface, such as paper toweling, to endure blotting free of most residual washing solution.
6. Add 100 μ L of SA-HRP solution into each of the wells.
7. Cover the plate with adhesive foil and incubate it at room temperature for 1 hour with shaking (100-150 rpm).
8. Take off the adhesive foil, aspirate and wash the well 5 times with 350 μ L of washing solution. Finally, invert the plate and firmly tap it onto an absorbent surface, such as paper toweling, to endure blotting free of most residual washing solution.
9. Add 100 μ L of Enzyme substrate solution (TMB) into each well; cover the plate with adhesive foil and keep it for 30 minutes at room temperature in a dark place for color reaction without shaking.
10. Add 100 μ L of stopping solution into each well to stop color reaction.
11. Read the optical absorbance of the wells at 450 nm immediately.
12. Calculate mean absorbance values of standards and plot a standard curve on semi-logarithmic graph paper (abscissa: concentration of standard; ordinate: absorbance values). Use the standard curve to read mouse/rat PYY concentrations in samples from the corresponding absorbance values. If an immunoassay software package be used, we recommend that the data be handled by utilizing a 4-parameter logistic curve fitting program.

. Notes

1. If same blood sample is to be prepared for measuring PYY (3-36) only using another kit (this kit can measure both of PYY (1-36) and PYY (3-36)), DPP IV inhibitor should be added immediately to the blood, yielding 100 μ M final concentration. EDTA-2Na additive blood collection tube is recommended for the plasma collection. It is recommended that serum or plasma samples should be tested as soon as possible after separation. If the sample is tested later, they should be aliquoted and frozen below -30°C (for long term storage, it is recommended that the sample should be stored in a -70°C deep freezer). Avoid repeated freezing and thawing of samples. Samples should be kept in an ice bath after thawing before the assay and used within 60 minutes.
2. Standard and labeled antigen solutions should be prepared immediately before use. The plate can be used for separately twice. In that case, the reconstituted reagents (standard and labeled antigen solution) should be stored at or below -30°C .
3. During storage of washing solution (concentrated) at $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}$, precipitates may be observed occasionally, however they will be dissolved when diluted.
4. As pipetting operations may affect accuracy and precision of the assay, pipette solutions especially for standard solutions or samples precisely into each well of the plate. In addition, use clean test tubes or vessels in assay and use a new tip for each sample or standard solution and for each step of preparation of the standard diluting solution to avoid cross contamination.
5. Perform all the determination in duplicate.
6. If an over range (over than 12.5 ng/mL) sample be tested or predicted, dilute this sample with assay buffer, then re-operate the assay procedure.
7. To quantitate accurately, always run a standard curve when measuring samples.
8. Color reaction should be carried out under the light proof condition.
9. Read optical absorbance of reaction solution in wells as soon as possible after stopping the color reaction. Shake the plate for 5-10 seconds to mix the contents before reading the absorbance.
10. Protect reagents from strong light (e.g. direct sunlight) during storage and assay.
11. Satisfactory performance of the assay will be guaranteed only when reagents are used from combination pack with identical lot number.

. Performance Characteristics

<Typical standard curve>



< Precision and reproducibility >

Intra-assay CV (%): 3.1 ~ 9.8

Inter-assay CV (%): 4.2 ~ 14.2

< Analytical recovery >

Rat serum 1

Added PYY (ng/mL)	Observed (ng/mL)	Expected (ng/mL)	Recovery (%)
0.0	0.965		
0.5	1.447	1.465	98.7
2.0	2.748	2.965	92.7
5.0	5.077	5.965	85.1

Rat serum 2

Added PYY (ng/mL)	Observed (ng/mL)	Expected (ng/mL)	Recovery (%)
0.0	1.107		
0.5	1,510	1.607	94.0
2.0	3.274	3.107	105.4
5.0	5.395	6.107	88.3

Rat plasma 1

Added PYY (ng/mL)	Observed (ng/mL)	Expected (ng/mL)	Recovery (%)
0.0	0.718		
0.5	1.111	1.218	91.2
2.0	2.407	2.718	85.9
5.0	5.059	5.718	81.8

Rat plasma 2

Added PYY (ng/mL)	Observed (ng/mL)	Expected (ng/mL)	Recovery (%)
0.0	0.595		
0.5	0.898	1.095	82.0
2.0	2.543	2.595	98.0
5.0	4.605	5.595	82.3

Mouse serum 1

Added PYY (ng/mL)	Observed (ng/mL)	Expected (ng/mL)	Recovery (%)
0.0	1.987		
0.5	2.633	2.487	105.9
2.0	5.052	3.987	126.7
5.0	9.009	6.987	128.9

Mouse serum 2

Added PYY (ng/mL)	Observed (ng/mL)	Expected (ng/mL)	Recovery (%)
0.0	1.867		
0.5	2.562	2.367	108.2
2.0	5.029	3.867	130.1
5.0	9.547	6.867	139.0

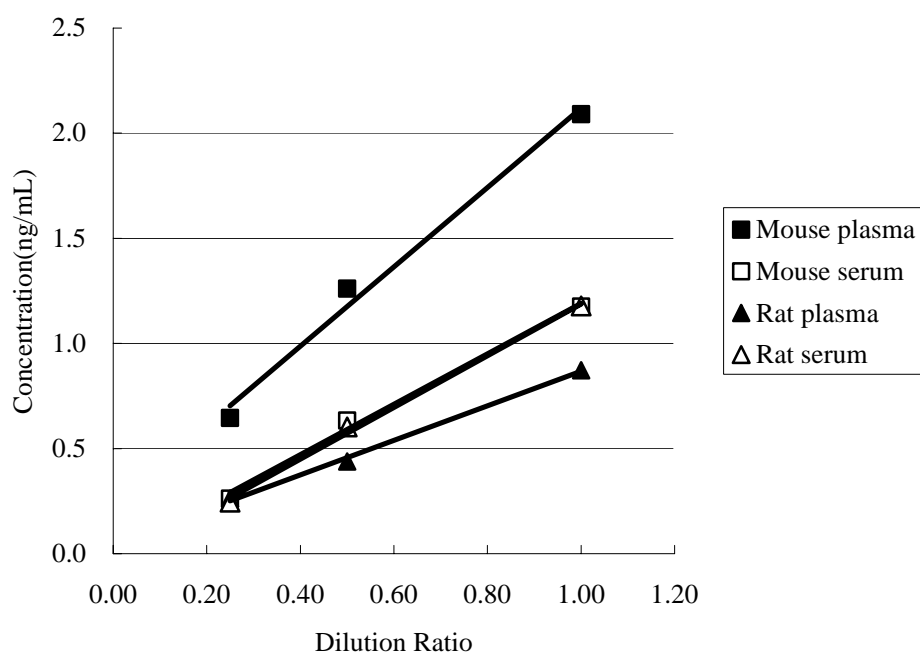
Mouse plasma 1

Added PYY (ng/mL)	Observed (ng/mL)	Expected (ng/mL)	Recovery (%)
0.0	0.766		
0.5	1.153	1.266	91.1
2.0	2.645	2.766	95.6
5.0	5.647	5.766	97.9

Mouse plasma 2

Added PYY (ng/mL)	Observed (ng/mL)	Expected (ng/mL)	Recovery (%)
0.0	1.466		
0.5	1.926	1.966	97.9
2.0	4.050	3.466	116.8
5.0	7.721	6.466	119.4

<Dilution test>



Satisfactory dilution characteristics were shown with mouse and rat samples.

. Stability and Storage

<Storage> Store all the components at 2 to 8°C.

<Shelf life> Kit is stable under the condition for 18 months from the date of manufacturing.
The expiry date is stated on the label of package.

<Package> For 96 tests per one kit including standards.

. References

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