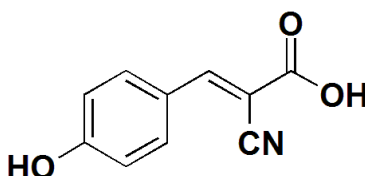


## CHCA Protocol and Product Information Sheet

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Product Category:	UltraPure MALDI Matrices
Catalog Number(s):	<a href="#">p9100-25mg</a> , <a href="#">p9100-5x10mg</a> , <a href="#">p9100-4x25mg</a> , <a href="#">p9100-1gm</a>
Product Name:	CHCA
Alternative Name(s):	$\alpha$ -Cyano-4-hydroxycinnamic acid; CHCA matrix
CAS Number:	28166-41-8
Chemical Formula:	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>7</sub> O <sub>3</sub> N
Molecular Weight:	189.17
Wavelength(s):	337 nm, 355 nm

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Since there are many preparations and a wide variety of techniques where  $\alpha$ -Cyano-4-hydroxycinnamic acid and other MALDI matrices are used, below is intended to be only a general protocol or a starting point, not necessarily the best for your particular application.

### MALDI Matrix Preparation (Saturated Method) – NOT FULLY DISSOLVED

1. Dissolve the contents of the tube in 1.0 mL of 50% acetonitrile, 50% proteomics grade water and 0.1% TFA. Vortex vigorously. (Other solvents may be used, such as ones containing higher acetonitrile concentrations, such as 70%; lower concentration of TFA, such as 0.01%; or replacing acetonitrile with methanol, etc.)
2. If the entire contents of the tube is not soluble in your solution of choice, spin the tube down in a microcentrifuge, then transfer the supernatant to a new microfuge tube. This solution contains the saturated MALDI matrix.

*Note: A 5 mg/mL solution or lower in the above solvents can also be employed. A slightly higher concentration will be achieved by first dissolving in Acetonitrile alone, then adding aqueous 0.1% TFA.*

### Dried Droplet Method

1. Mix the saturated matrix solution (or other matrix concentrated solution) with your sample.
2. Apply 0.2 to 1.0  $\mu$ L of this solution onto the MALDI sample plate.
3. Allow the matrix:sample to co-crystallize through evaporation at room temperature.
4. Place MALDI plate in MALDI-MS Ion Source and analyze samples.

*Note: Thin Layer Method is also a good option, although it is not covered in this product sheet.*